quiet and unchanged.

WASHINGTON. Secretary of the Navy Long yesterday tendered his resignation to the President, who appointed Congressman Moody of

Massachusetts to the vacant portfolio. Senator Vest of Missouri made a forcible speech in the Senate, attacking the Frye ship-subsidy bill. The President is said to have appointed

commission to deal with the Philippine friers and purchase from them, if possible, the millions of acres of farming lands they

The United States Supreme Court has de clared the Illinois anti-trust law to be unconstitutional because it exempts agricul-tural products and live stock.

The Government crop builetins show the wheat crop of last year to be the largest ever raised in the United States and the corn crop to be the smallest with one ex-ception in twenty years.

LOCAL AND SUBURBAN. Decisions in United States Court of Ap-

The Citizens' Emoke Abatement Association will ask the ladies of the Wednesday Club to assist in the work of smoke abate-

City Counselor Bates considers the Drabelle primary law binding in nominating candidates and electing committees. Seven hundred men in St. Louis are now

involved in strikes. Warmer weather causes a reduction generally in Union Market prices.

The body of Jacob Ruppenthal, who disappeared from his home on November 6, is found in the river, and his watch and most of his money are missing. Cardinal Martinelli soon will visit St.

London scientists are deeply interested in the World's Fair airship contest. St. Louis Transit Company will hold a stockholders' meeting and annual election

of officers to-day. State Factory Inspector Nordmeyer takes home Peter Joyce, who expresses a desire for an education.

Independence Council, Order United American Mechanes, are opposed to the decoration of the City Hall in Erin's colors on St. Patrick's Day. Counsel for John K. Murrell, charged with bribery, made a hard laral fight to se-

cure a change of venue and a continuance Extensive improvements of West End planned by Street Commissioner Varrel-

mann contemplate the building of a cir-cultous driveway around the city. GENERAL DOMESTIC.

Prince Henry, in a farewell speech at Philadelphia, flatly denies that there has been any secret object connected with his visit to this country. Two men are killed and four are injured

in an accidental explosion in a powder

The seventh annual session of the Ameri-an-Swedish Republican League of Illinois was held at Bloomington.

The trial of Stewart Fife, charged with the murder of Frank Richardson at Savannah, Mo., commenced yesterday. Just before adjournment, the Minnesota

Legislature passed a bill appropriating \$50,000 for State exhibit at the World's Fair. William H. K. Redmond, organizer of the United Irish League and member of the British Parliament, expresses pleasure at the victory of the Boers in South Africa. About 7,500 workmen, led by the team sters' union, are on a strike in Boston.

Three old persons are asphyxiated in their home in Michigan by gas from a coal

ern Securities Company is filed in Minne

POREIGN

A Manchu censor asserts that Minister Ting-fang corruptly retained \$50,000 due his Government, and demands that he be removed from office. A mother and her nine children perish in

Boers under General Delarry defeat and capture General Lord Methuen and will hold him as a hostage. Lord Rosebery criticises the Irish mem-bers of Parliament who applauded the re-port of the British disaster in South Africa.

ng-fang of corruptly retaining \$50,000 due the Chinese Government. British and German interests are at cross

SPORTING

race n European water if anyone there de-sires match. The Columbia may cross the Atlantic to The location of the Fitzsimmor battle will be decided Saturday.

Marine Intelligence. New York, March 10.-Arrived: Steatendam from Rotterdam. New York, March 10.—Arrived: Karls ne, from Bremen

braltar, March 9 .- Arrived: Lahn. w York for Naples and Genoa. llern (from Genoa and Naples), ew York Liverpool, March 10 .- Arrived: Georgio,

New York; Ultonia, Boston. London, March 10.-Arrived: Glenshiel Antwerp, March 8.—Sailed: Zealand, to indergo repairs at British port.

Hong-Kong, March 8.-Sailed: Tacoma, Calcutta, March 9.-Safled: Ventnos, San

Southampton, March 10.-Sailed: Moltke, from Hamburg, New York, via Cherbourg. New York, March 10 .- Arrived: Aller, Ge nos, Naples and Gibraltar.

Petition to Open Marlo Tract. REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Washington, March 10.—The Committee on Indian Affairs has received a petition signed by more than 2,000 persons to open a tract of land west of Marlo, I. T., known as the Fort Sillwood Reservation.

I WILL CURE YOU OF

# NO PAY UNTIL YOU KNOWIT.

After 2.666 experiments I have learned how to cure Rheumatism. Not to turn bony joinus into flesh again; that is impossible. But I can cure the disease always, at any stage, and forever.

I ask for no money. Simply write me a postal, and I will send you an order on your nearest druggist for six bottles of Dr. Shoon's Rheumatle Cure, for every druggist keeps it. Use it for a month, and if it does what I claim pay your druggist \$5.50 for it. If it doesn't, I will pay him myself.

Thave no samples. Any medicine that can affect Rheumatism with but a few doses must be drugged to the verge of dan-ger. I use no such drugs. It is folly to take them. You must get the disease out

take them. You must get the unsease of the blood.

My remedy does that, even in the most difficult, obstinate cases. No matter how impossible this seems to you. I know it and I take this risk. I have cured tens of thousands of cases in this way, and my records show that 39 out of 40 who get those six bottles pay, and gladly. I have learned that people in general are honest with a physician who cures them. That with a physician who cures them. That is all I ask. If I fail I don't expect a penny from you.

from you.

Simply write me a postal card or letter.

Let me send you an order for the medicine: a.so a book. Take it for a month, for it won't harm you anyway. If it cures, pay 35.52. I leave that entirely to you. Address Dr. Shoop. Box 645, Racine. Wis.

Mild cases, not chronic, are often cured by one or two bottles. At all druggists.

# PAPAL DELEGATE TO VISIT ST. LOUIS.

Immaculate Conception Parishioners Refer Controversy to Cardinal Martinelli.

ARCHBISHOP

Declares Pope's Representative Will Not Interfere With the Action of the Court in the Civil Suit.

Archbishop Kain has returned from Washington, D. C., where he conferred with Cardinal Sebastian Martinelli, Papal Delegate Apostolic, who told the Archbishop that he intends to visit St. Louis within a few months.

In the course of the conference the Immaculate Conception Parish controversy was referred to, it having been brought to the attention of Cardinal Martinelli by a representative of the parishioners, who are



CARDINAL MARTINELLI.

Papal Delegate Apostolic at Washington,
D. C., who will shortly visit St. Louis.

contesting the right of Archbishop Kain to sell the church property at Jefferson avenue and Locust street and devote the proceeds to building a new cathedral.

Archbishop Kain stated yesterday that the

apostolic delegate indicated that he will not interfere with the action of the court's decision in the legal proceedings brought by the parishioners to restrain the Archbishop from selling the property, in which Circuit Judge Hough recently denied an in-Archbishop Kain, accompanied by the

Reverend D. S. Phelan, editor of the Western Watchman, left for the East two weeks ago yesterday. They spent three days in Washington and three days in Baltimore, Md. where they called on Cardinal Gibbons. They also spent three days in Wheeling, W. Va. The rest of the time was spent

The Immaculate Conception church matter was communicated to Cardinal Martinelli represented the parishloners in the suit in the Circuit Court. Mr. Johnson went to Washington recently to argue a case in the United States Supreme Court, and it was arranged for him and Congressman Jame J. Butler, son of Edward Butler, to call on Cardinal Martinelli and lay the Immaculate Conception Church matter before him. Mr. Johnson said vesterday that Mr. But-

ler was unable to keep the appointment and intrusted him with a letter which he had received from St. Louis in regard to the matter, and he called on the Cardinal

Mr. Johnson, who is a noncatholic, said he was much impressed with his reception by the Cardinal, who stated that all matrs of that kind have to be presented to him in writing. Mr. Johnson said the conference between him and the Cardinal was of an informal nature, and devoted to a discussion of a matter to be presented.

Achbishop Kain, referring to the action of the Immaculate Concention parishioners in bringing the controversy to the attention of the Papal Delegate, said yesterday that they received cold consolation from him.

"Did Cardinal Martinelli," the Archbishor was asked, "indicate in your conference with him that he will not interfere in the matter?"

"Oh, yes," replied the Archbishop, "He will not interfere with the action of the The Archbishop said the action of the

parishioners in bringing the suit relieved nim of the necessity of taking any steps in the matter. He had given ample warning of what his course would be, he said. "Ever since I have been Archbishop," said

he, "I have told them that some provision would have to be made in regard to providing another location for the church, I think my offer of \$10,000 toward the purchase of another site was a fair one." When the parishloners did not accept the

offer the Archbishop decided to abolish the parish, and notified Father G. D. Power, the pastor, that the church will be closed April

Referring to Cardinal Martinelli's propose visit, Archbishop Kain said the Cardinal expressed his intention of coming to St. Louis within a few months, most likely in May, Unless called to Rome before he can make his arrangements, he will come, and the Cardinal said he had heard no word from Rome as to when he is to leave the United States.

### **WORLD'S FAIR MEASURE** INDORSED IN KENTUCKY.

House Advanced Bill by Almost Unanimous Vote-Governor Beckbam Favors Liberal Appropriation.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL. Frankfort, Ky., March 10.-The friends of the Cox Senate bill to appropriate \$100,000 to provide the Kentucky exhibit at the Louisiana Purchase Exposition won a great victory in the House this afternoon in aivancing the Fair bill to its third reading over an adverse report of the committee. The committee reported the bill with an expression of opinion that it should not pass and on that report the House, on a viva voce vote, almost uranimously advanced the bill to its third reading.

If the bill is placed on its passage tomorrow or next day friends of the measure say a poll of the Hoise shows a majority in favor of it, and that it is certain to become a law. The bill will then go to the Governor for his signature.

Governor Beckham is pledged to sign the measure. In nis address to the Legislature, when speaking for the committee from St. Louis, he said: "I promiss to sign the most liberal bill."

Ex-Governor Crittenden and Sim T. Price of St. Louis are here in the interest of the measure. over an adverse report of the committee.

Philadelphia, March 10 After coming within an ace of thing knocked out in the first round by Charley McKeever to-night, at the Washington Sporting Club, "Philadelphia Jack" O'Rrien pulled himself together and was awarded the decision on a four. McKeever-O'Brien Fight

#### SPECIAL JURY IN THE JOHN K. MURRELL CASE. Joseph D. Bascom, secretary Broderick & Bascom Rope Company, 45 Westmore-

Charles R. Blake, president Sligo Iron Store Company, 417 Westminster place. Frederick C. Bonsack, architect, 5275 Westminster place. Joseph W. Bray, treasurer Campbell Glass and Paint Company, 4275 Maryland

Henry L. Chase, H. and L. Chase Bag Company, 2321 Washington avenue. Victor E. Desnoyers, Desnoyers Shoe Company, 5166 Kensington avenue. George P. Dean, Jr., broker, 2522 Washington avenue. Abner H. Duncan, Paris Medicine Company, 4309 Pine street.

Forest Ferguson, president Ferguson-McKinney Dry Goods Company. W. D. Franklin, manager Dennison Manufacturing Company, 507 Virginia avenue, Arthur C. Garrison, Columbia Incandescent Lamp Company, 5248 Cabanne place. W. H. Gregg, Jr., vice president Mound City Paint and Color Company, 440

Fred J. Langenberg, Gauss, Shelton Hat Company, 637 Delmar avenue. James L. La Prelle, La Prelle-Williams Shoe Company, 19 Washington terrace, George B. Leighton, Shickle-Harrison Iron Company, 96 North Garrison, Charles S. McKeen, hatter, 3749 Delmar,

Hugh McKittrick, Hargadine-McKittrick Dry Goods Company, 2943 Berlin, Thomas M. McLean, Embree-McLean Carriage Company, 3768 Pine. Harvey P. Miller, commission, 4219 Delmar, Galus F. Paddock, Paddock-Hawley Iron Company, 2825 Washington,

John E. Pilcher, Simmons Hardware Company, 1635 Union, Arthur C. Ramsey, G. W. Miles Timber and Lumber Company, 1416 Aubert, William E. Raynor, cashier E. C. Rowse, 2338 Morgan. Frank Reardon, real estate, 4462 Washington avenue,

Joseph E. Reid, G. W. Reid Oll Company, 4679 Greer avenue Russell A. Richardson, president R. A. Richardson R. E. Co., 616 Chestnut street. Rudolph M. Richter, teller International Bank. George T. Riddle, president Riddle-Rehbein Manufacturing Company.

Frank S. Rosebrough, Resebrough Monument Company. Frank K. Sawyer, president F. O. Sawyer Paper Company. Jacob G. Schaeffer, president Schaeffer Bros. & Powell Manufacturing Company. Christian Sodemann, president Sodemann Heat and Power Company. David Sommers, D. Sommers & Co. Furniture Company Richard F. Spencer, secretary Hamilton-Brown Shoe Company, Richard R. Stinde, Andrews-Rice R. E. Co.

Elmer H. Stackstrem, Ringen Stove Company. harles Stoffregan, president Steinwender-Stoffregan Company. John H. Tennent, president Tennent Shoe Company. Arthur L. Thompson, Cavender & Thompson Real Estate Company, August J. Walter, secretary Flohr-Walter Construction Company, Wm. B. Wells, manager Lincoln R. E. C. B. Co. James L. Westlake, president Westlake Construction Company.

Arthur Stith, treasurer Missouri Safe Deposit Company.

Robert L. Wirthile, president Southern Cooperage Company, Frank L. Wright, secretary James A. Wright & Sons Company Frederick E. Wuerpel, president Dehner & Wuerpel M. B. Co. George M. Wright, secretary William Barr Dry Goods Company. Walter J. Wright, Wright & Gilmore, Walker Buckner, Jr., agency director New York Life Insurance, 5455 Bartmer,

William L. Chappell, secretary St. Louis Paper Company, West End Hotel. Russell Gardner, president Banner Buggy Company, 4255 Westminster. William C. Morris, vice president Christy Fire Clay Company, 4540 Cook, Samuel M. Piper, president Piper Carriage Company, 2041 Washington avenue. Richard Salzgeber, secretary Hammer Dry Plate Company, 2526 Miami, Henry B. Scammell, president Planet Mfg. Co., 386 Pine, August H. Schnelle, president Schnelle & Querle Lumber Company, 5243 Vernon. Michael E. Smith, vice president Nash-Smith Tea and Coffee Company, 3971 West ◆

SENATOR VEST ATTACKS

Continued From Page One.

73 per cent of the entire appropriation for the Atlantic.

"The Senator from Maine informs us that

the effect of the amendment changing the

classification from four, under the act of 1891, to seven, and changing the nature of

the subsidy for mileage to so much per tor

upon the outward and inward voyages, will have the effect of increasing largely the

subsidy to the larger and faster vessels and decreasing it to those which are purely

freight vessels carrying abroad the agri-cultural products of the United States.

"This, in my judgment, was one of the fatal defects in the Hanna-Frye bill, as it

was termed, in the Fifty-sixth Congress. The subsidy under that bill wass given largely to the fast liners of the American

Line, which do not carry the products of the farmers of the United States, but are

filled with the half-manufactured articles which do not come directly from the farm-

ers, but come from the trusts of the United

Stages that are preying upon the consumers

of this country.

The bill now before us openly and

PROPOSED ACT CONTRAVENES

PRINCIPLES OF JUSTICE.

"But I opposed the act of 1891 because it gave subsidy for nothing, in contravention of all principles of right and justice and almost of common honesty which ought to prevail amongst nations and individuals."

legislation already upon the statute books for her special benefit.

FAVORED LIKE NEW ENGLAND.

WESTERN FARMERS NOT

AMERICAN SHIPYARDS

BILL FRAMED TO REXEFT

TRUSTS, NOT THE FARMERS.

SHIP-SUBSIDY BILL

Charles W. Wall, treasurer Meyer Bros. Drug Company, 5661 Chamberlain, Samuel S. Winter, treasurer American Credit Ind. Co., 4244 Westminster. William H. Wulze, president Camp Spring Milling Company, 525 McPherson.

#### MURRELL'S COUNSEL ASKS CONTINUANCE.

Continued From Page One. the passage of the Suburban bill, as al-

leged in the indictment. He would also testify to a conversation with Stock in which Stock declared there was no bribe offered for the passage of the bill. ILLNESS OF PLAINTIFF OFFERED AS EXCUSE. The affidavit further set forth that the

defendant had not had sufficient time in which to properly prepare a defense to charge, having been incapacitated by illness for three weeks after his arrest, and unable to consult his counsel. As an auxiliary argument for a continuance, the affidavit alleged a prejudice existing in the community agreest boodling and boodlers.

Circuit Attorney Folk in reply said he was convinced the motion for a continuance was not sincere. He said the defense failed to show that the absent witnesses are material. Counsel for defendant did not by E. P. Johnson, one of the attorneys who | and could not know what the witnesses would testify to, and their argument was mere speculation and a conclusion of law not supported by facts. He cited several authorities in support of his argument. ved Mr. Folk, support Mr. Bishop follo ing his argument.

Mr. Harvey then made a strong plea for a continuance on the ground that insufficient time had been given the defendant to properly prepare his defense to such a serious charge. He combated Mrl Folk's argument that defendant's counsel were speculating as to what the testimony of the absent witnesses would be, and made the point that as Wainwright was indicted for the same offense as Murrell, and was declared to be particeps crimints in the transaction, it followed that he had a knowledge of the purpose for which the \$75,000 was raised and deposited in the safe-deposit box, and would testify that it was not for the purpose of bribery.

STOCK AND TURNER REBUKED BY MURRELL'S ATTORNEY.

In discussing the relations existing between Wainwright and Stock and Turner, Mr. Harvey said: "I had rather be Wainwright and come here and plead not guilty to the charge in this indictment, than Stock or Turner and stand confessed not only of complicity in this transaction, but of turning State's evidence on my confederates." Judge Douglas cautioned Mr. Harvey that the observation was foreign to the question before the court. Later on Mr. Folk took occasion to reply to Mr. Harvey as follows: "As Mr. Harvey has seen fit to refer to the action of Mr. Turner and Mr. Stock, I wish to say that I consider it far more to their credit, after they engaged in this transaction, to tell the truth about it to the Grand Jury, than to perjure themselves in addition, as some of their confederates

As a concluding argument, Mr. Folk said that if counsel was not asking for the continuance solely to secure delay, and was sincere in the contention that Wainwright and Tamblyn were material witnesses, he would, with the consent of the defendant's counsel, allow the statements of the absent witnesses, as set forth in the affidavit, to be submitted to the jury as the testimony they would give if they were present in

person.

Mr. Harvey gave his reasons for not assenting to this proposition, and after some further argument the case was submitted.

Among the 252 ways, find your favorite mode of serving Shreeded-Wheat Elsenit. One good way-slightly toast and butter, and serve with cup of Robert's "Cream of Chocolate." Or dip toasted biscult quickly in milk, drain and serve with cream, sugar and fruit sauce. Or serve as poached egg on toast. Or slightly toast biscult and serve with stream

Quapaws Oppose Annexation.

REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, March 10.—The Quapaw Agency of the Indian Territory has sent a letter to the Committee on Indian Affairs protesting against annexation to Oklahoma. They give as a reason that this newly created county would be 125 miles from Oklahoma. Second, that the land embraced in this proposed county is almost exclusively exempt from taxation, and is the Indians allotted homes, and that the Indians and their white renters are generally poor, and REPUBLIC SPECIAL. their white renters are generally poor, and are not able to support a county government without having their property taxed to the point of confiscation

Favor Chinese Exclusion Act.

Washington, March 10.—Representative Bartholdt of Missouri has received a peti-tion from the labor unions of St. Louis fa-voring the Chinese exclusion act. He has also received petitions from the Merchants' Exchange and Business Men's League fa-voring the passage of the Ray bill.

Missouri River Survey. PEPUBLIC SPECIAL. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Washington, March 16.—Representative Shackieferd of Missouri to-day introduced a joint resolution providing for an examination and survey of the Missouri River, with a view of improving navigation between Arrow Rock, in Saline County, and the mouth of the Gasconade River.

Piles Cured Without the Knife. Itching, Bilad, Bieeding or Protruding Pilea. Your druggist will refund your money if PAZO OINTMENT falls to cure you. 50 cents Celery Compound Makes Sick People Well and Strong,

A House-to-House Canvass Would

Show That Thousands Are

Being Cured.

Thousands of Families Have Heard

the Joyful News that

PAINE'S

The people who have not heard in ome way of Paine's Celery Compound and its wonderful triumphs over the dis-eases and ailments of life cannot be ounted as newspaper or magazine readers, nor are they amongst these who are

in touch with the medical progressive-

ness of the times. A house-to-house canvass (if that were possible) of families where Paine's Celery Compound is being used during these early spring days would disclose an overwhelming amount of evidence regarding the implicit confidence that is placed in this greatest of all spring med It would show the enormous number of people who are being cured of some form of nervousness, sleepless ness, dyspepsia, indigestion, neuralgia, rheumatism, headaches, kidney and liver diseases.

Now is the time when Paine's Celery Compound can show astonishing and happy results to the sick. Now that spring is with us, giving a promise of fine weather and new beauties, it should lend encouragement to the work of get ting well and strong, The use of Pnine's Celery Compound

for a few weeks will truly astonish every debilitated, weak and sickly man and woman. The change from a muddy and sallow complexion to a fresh, healthy color, with bright, sparkling eyes, unclouded brain, the enjoyment of refreshing sleep, clear, fresh blood coursing through the body, will be the sure reward of every user of Paine's Cel-ery Compound. Accept no substitute or imitation. See that the name PAINE'S B.......... is on the wrapper and bottle.

DIAMOND DYES color anything any color Never fail! Never fade!

of the American shipyards of to-day. The Senator from Maine complained that in these halcyon days of protection the shipping interest of the United States had been neglected.

"Nearly twenty-five years ago, when I came to the Senate, the first thing I heard from the shippard owners was the statement that if they had raw material for ships, pig-iron free, they could successfully compete with the world in building ships. We gave them free raw material; we gave them free raw material; we gave them free ship supplies.

"Now here they are demanding subsidy, holding up their hands and begging like mendicants for the tax money of the people to sustain their particular interest. If this subsidy be given to them, it is but the beginning of the end.

"I am not a prophet. I hope that the time will come when the glory and power of my country will be greater than that of any other people upon the face of the globe; but it will not come from unequal and unjust discrimination in favor of one interest against all others. If we make good our promise to the world and to coming generations of liberty, equality, privileges exclusive to none but common to all, we must preserve the great principle that this is a Government of the people and for the people and for their children forever."

SENATOR TILLMAN ALSO SPOKE AGAINST THE BILL.

Mr. Tillman of South Carolina followed

SPOKE AGAINST THE BILL.

SENATOR TILLMAN ALSO
SPOKE AGAINST THE BILL.

Mr. Tillman of South Carolina followed with a brief speech in opposition to the bill. He denounced the policy of giving subsidies to anybody, particularly to individuals and corporations engaged in the formation of shipping trusts.

The Senate passed a considerable number of unobjected bills on the calendar.

Other bills passed were as follows: To restore Henry D. Hall to the Revenue Cutter Service and hake him a Captain, on waiting orders; authorizing the construction of a bridge by the Kansas City, Northwestern and Gulf Railway across the Missouri River at Parkville, Mo.; to provide for the payment of medical expenses of sick officers and enlisted men of the army while absent from duty, with leave, or on furlough, and appropriating 200.00 for this purpose.

The Senate agreed to the conference asked for by the House on the diplomatic and consular appropriation bill, and Mesera, Hale, Cullom and Teller were named as conferees. suits. For instance, the Senator from Maine says that the St. Louis, with over 11,000 tons burden, has its subsidy increased from fourteen thousand and some hundred dollars a trip under the present law, to nineteen thousand and some hundred dollars under the present hill dollars a trip under the present law, to nincteen thousand and some hundred dollars under the present bill.

"In the Fifty-sixth Congress, in answer to the objection which the opponents of that bill made, as I have stated it, and in answer to the same objection now, which is even more manifest in the pending measure, we have been told that the cargoes of the fast liners are much more valuable than the cargoes of the freight vessels; that the St. Louis, for instance, carries out on one trip cargo three or four times the value of that carried upon freight vessels of 8,000 or 9,000 tons burden.

"This is a fallacy and it does not answer the objection that I have stated. Suppose a vessel goes out from New York to Southampton loaded with diamonds, the cargo amounting in value to millions upon millions of dollars, would that exportation benefit the farmers and the consumers of the cargo, it is the nature of the cargo, it is the nature of the cargo, it is the nature of the cargo, that applies now in the present controversy.

It's a fact that there are 730 "Want" ads

# BRITISH ARMY ROUTED BY GENERAL DELAREY.

Continued From Page One.

shot, as may be the penalty he may have to suffer, what will Lord Methuen's fate be

CALLS ATTENTION TO CHASE OF THE YEOMANRY.

The Daily News gives prominence to the fact that 500 of the Yeomanry were chased by the Boers for four miles and makes the most of the humiliation it will give to Englishmen to read of it, but this is the only paper among the radical organic here which shows any venom toward the British conduct of the war. All are waiting for further details.

to prevail amongst nations and individuals. The act of 1891 and this now proposed takes money out of the Treasury of the United States for corporation and individuals who give nothing in return for it, except that problematic and speculative value which may or may not come in the future.

"Under the act of 1891, the Postmaster General could contract for carrying the mails upon any route he selected. He advertised and gave the contract to what he considered the lowest and best offer, but he paid out the money when the bid was accepted, although the person receiving the contract did not carry out a single postal card in return for the tax money of the people of the United States put into his pocket.

"The Senators from Ohio and Maine fram As showing how Lord Methuen's force was trapped in so unaccountable a fashion, one thing would seem clear. The Boers were not in an overwhelming force. They were almost man for man with the British, "The Senators from Ohio and Maine draw a roseate picture of what they expect in the future. The money of the people of the United States ought not to be paid out upon a theoretical proposition which may never realize in one cent's profit to the people of this country.

"I do not complain of the Senator from Maine for protecting the interests of his people and taking a hundred and seventy-live thousand dollars a year out of the poeters of the taxpayers of the United States for the benefit of his constituents engaged in the ocep-sea fisheries, if the representatives of the balance of the people in both houses of Congress concel to him this ilstinctive and especial privilege.

"I must ray, however, in the kindliest feeling for the Senator from Maine—for whom I have great personal regard—that New England ought to be satisfied with the legislation already upon the statute books for her smecial benefit. The Senators from Ohio and Maine draw Still more curious is it that the attack was a surprise, delivered by General Delarey, who was being pursued by the British, to avenge the defeat which he inflicted upon Colonel von Donep on February 25, when he suddenly turned on his pur-suers, and, in a military sense, annihilated

In an endeavor to explain the disaster, the In an endeavor to explain the disaster, the Daily Chronicle says:

"An uneasy feeling presents itself whether the War Office may not be crippling its Generals by sending them raw recruits. The present reverse may not tend to confirm this apprehension, but the conduct of the War Office has certainly not helped to reassure public anxiety as to its zeal and ability for supporting the Generals in the field with the most important requisites for decisive and complete success."

## ROSEBERY BLAMES IRISH FOR CHEERING THE BOERS.

"The farmers of the West who are salting down their beef and sometimes only one or a few hogs, for winter use, are taxed by the present tariff laws in the interest of the great salt trust before they can obtain a grain of salt with which to preserve their meat. But, by the provisions of the existing tariff law and those we have had for many years, the fishermen of New England bave their salt free with which to cure the fish that are taken in the deepsen fisheries. Glasgew, March 16.—Lord Rosebery spoke before a crowded meeting in St. Andrew's Hall to-night. He referred to the irish demonstration in the House of Commons to day, when the reading of Lord Kitchener's telegram announcing the capture of General Methuen was greeted by loud Irish cheers, as a fresh indication of the impossibility of home rule.

Lord Rosebery said that Mr. Gladstone himself, if he returned from the dead, could not dare to intrust an independent parliament to men who openly rejoiced at a British military disaster.

The bulk of Lord Rosebery's speech was devoted to a reiteration of his plea for national efficiency. He said that while his programme offered nothing which the present Government could not give if it chose, he had been forced to appeal to the judgment of the nation against the lethargy in high places, the bilind content and the disregard of vital questions which had characterized the course of the Government for the last seven years.

to cure the fish that are taken in the deepsea fisheries.

"The farmers of the great West, exposed
to the key breath of winter as it sweeps
across the great plateau east of the Rocky
Mountains, must pay a tax of 45 per cent
under the Dingley act for every foot of
lumber they buy from the great lumber
trust, in order to build a cabin to protect
their wives and children from the snows of
winter and the heat of summer. But the
people of New England, thanks to the provisions in the Webster-Ashburton treaty of
1842 and incorporated in the Dingley act
and preceding tariffs, have their lumber
free. It is brought down the St. John
River, carried into New England, and used
by the New England fishermen in building
their vessels and their homes.

"It seems to me that is enough for the
people of that enterprising and intellectual
region, without now making us pay an addittonal subsidy to the fishermen engaged in
catching the fish, which are preserved by
free salt.

AMERICAN SHIPYARDS

IRISH LEAGUE LEADERS PLEASED AT BOER VICTORY.

THOROUGHLY PROTECTED.

"There has never been in the history of the United States a more thoroughly protected and prosperous interest than that

Scruggs.Vandervoort & Barney

Broadway, Olive and Locust Streets.

# Challis. Just Opened.

Imported French goods-the modish Persian banded-new concelts In black and white, etc.

A touch of smartness is added to many of the light tints and biscuit shades in a black how-knot stripe contrasted with dainty Dresden buds and blossoms. Equally new in this fabric, which is to have much vogue, is a combination of large and small spots in black on white and colored grounds-

A large number of very small, daintily patterned navy blues. reds and other colors are included, particularly for children's

The striped and bordered goods are very handsome and come in designs appropriate for entire gowns and blouses, many of them being confined exclusively to us-

In quality exceptionally nice, all wool-entire importation will be on sale to-day at

50 and 55 cents the yard,

Kid Gloves, Exceptionally good gioves

at unusually low prices. A fresh importation of beautifully fitting, well cut and made

and white, each pair fitted and guaranteed-on sale to-day at

gloves of excellent quality real kid-2 clasp pique in tans, browns

\$1.00 a pair. An excellent glove for seventy-five cents-not the "cheap" glove usually sold at that price, but one that will give good service and keep its good looks-black, white, modes and tans-

75 cents the pair.

Our exhibit of high-grade kid gloves for dress and street wear includes all the latest shades to match the new dress colors. Among the brands represented are the Foster, Paul & Co., of which we are sole St. Louis agents; Perrin, Alexandre, Jagvin, Dent, Fownes, Fisk, Clarke & Flagg-all the best novelties are to be found in this showing-

Prices, \$1.00 to \$2.50.

The Dr. Deimel Underwear.

Pure linen mesh-coolest undergarment in existence.

"Once wear the Dr. Deimel garments the question of underwear will never trouble you again." These words are from high authority. Porous, pliable, unshrinkable and of great durability -step in and examine them for yourself. It will pay you to find out how good they are.

Kilkenny, who are in this country for the purpose of spreading the gospel of the United Irish League and organizing branches throughout the country, seemed pleased to hear of the success of the Boers. Methuen's capture and the uprear in the House of Commons to-day, although they reserved comment for to-morrow night's meeting at the Academy of Music, at which Mayor Ashbridge, Archbishop Ryan and Governor Stone will be guests. The league has 150 branches throughout Ireland, and has been in existence about

four years. In speaking of their work, Mr. Redmond said: "We want to start branches in the United States in order to prepare for a great national convention, which will be held in New York City the latter part of the pres ent year, or the fore part of the coming year, It will be a convention composed entirely of Irish-Americans, who are interested in the betterment of conditions in their native land. The object of the convention will be to bring the Irish of this country into cooperation with the people of Ireland. We have been in this country less than three weeks, and we have already started more League in New York, Boston and Balti-more, and a number of smaller cities. We shall stay in the United States several

Mr. Redmond declared that the league had also achieved successful results for the struggling tenants in Western Ireland, where, owing to social conditions and the exactions of landlords, the people were on the brink of starvation,

months longer, and shall visit all the larger

"The organization of the league," said he 'has changed all this through the medium of public opinion. People on the mountain lands are now comparatively comfortable. "But to secure this end a desperate fight had to be made, with the result that nearly a dozen of our colleagues of the Irish party in Parliament are in jail, serving terms, They are treated like ordinary criminals, are dressed in prison garb, compelled to eat prison fare and subjected to prison discipline. Those who are not in jail are carrying on the fight, which will be continued until all land is restored to the ancient owners

Speaking of home rule, Mr. Redmond said the question was in a forward condi-

"Lord Rosebery has rejected home rules of that for Ireland," he said, "but in spite of that, if the Irish party keeps united, as at present, in the House of Commons, the quesion is bound to come up again, Rosebery. although going back on Gladstone's ideas for home rule, was not too proud to remain in office three years, first as Foreign Secretary and then as Prime Minister, and all through the Irish vote. The Liberal party can never return to power without the assistance of the Irish party. It is an influential body and is independent of all Eng-

lish parties.

Kodeks, Race Glasses, Thermometers, Earcmeters,



A. BARON, MAKER. ST. LOVIS, NO.

possible, as, for instance, in the Boer war, which we have opposed vehemently from the very start and shall continue to oppose to the very end. The Irish party feels proud that it has unanimously opposed the Boer war. Its members in Parliament bave voted and spoken against, have denounced it. We are told that England is going to nunish us for it, but the Irish have never gone back on the principle of independ and threats will not cause us to forsake the

principle now." TO CURE A COLD IN ONE DAY Take Laxative Brome Quintne Tablets. As druxgists refund the money if it fails to E. W. Grove's signature is on each box.

ARKANSAS Y. M. C. A. MEETING. State Committee Outlined Plan for

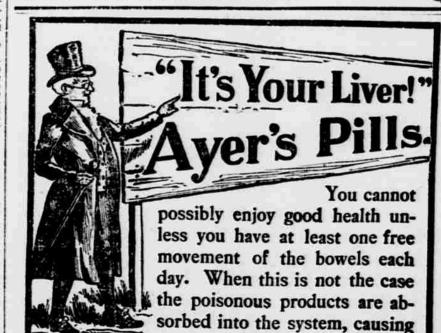
Future Work. REPUBLIC SPECIAL.

Little Rock, Ark., March 10.—The State Committee of the Y. M. C. A. of Arkansas held a meeting in this city this afternoon and agreed upon the following plan for and agreed upon the lonowing plant work:

First, to assist the Little Rock Association in every way possible to secure the \$50,000 for which subscriptions are now being raised; second, to strengthen existing association; third, to assist the International Commutitee in the railroad work of the State; fourth, to organize college associations wherever practicable; fifth, to assist city associations in creanizing.

ons wherever practicable, hith, to the street of the same calcium in organizing.

Mr. Scotleld was elected State Secretary. "Our desire is to make it unpleasant for He has been acting in that capacity England, to embarrass her in every way the past year.



vomiting, dyspepsia, indigestion. Ayer's Pills are liver pills, a gentle, vegetable laxative. One pill at bedtime will pro-

duce a natural movement the day following. "Ayer's Pills have done me and my family great good. They are like a true friend in trouble. There is nothing equal to them for sick headache and biliousness."—Mrs. Julia Brown, St. Louis, Mo.

J. C. AYER CO., Lowell, Mann.

headache, biliousness, nausea,